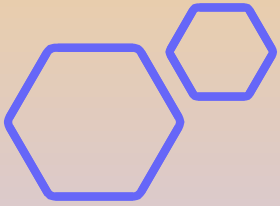
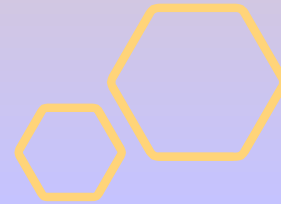


SIESTA School 2025



Basis sets in SIESTA



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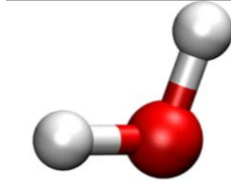
Hands-on session: Basis sets optimization

Recap from yesterday

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/01-Eshift_SplitNorm
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```



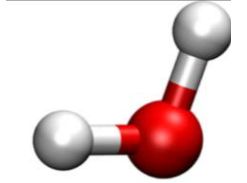
Recap from yesterday

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/01-Eshift_SplitNorm
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```



Recap from yesterday

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/01-Eshift_SplitNorm
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

```
SystemName      Water molecule
SystemLabel     h2o
NumberOfAtoms   3
NumberOfSpecies 2

%block ChemicalSpeciesLabel
  1  8  O
  2  1  H
%endblock ChemicalSpeciesLabel

PAO.BasisSize    DZP
PAO.EnergyShift  0.01 Ry
PAO.SplitNorm    0.15

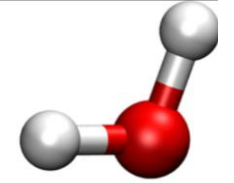
BasisPressure    0.02 GPa

XC.Functional    GGA
XC.Authors       PBE
MeshCutoff       300 Ry
SCF.Mixer.Weight 0.5
SCF.Mixer.History 10

AtomicCoordinatesFormat Ang
%block AtomicCoordinatesAndAtomicSpecies
  0.000  0.000  0.000  1
  0.757  0.586  0.000  2
 -0.757  0.586  0.000  2
%endblock AtomicCoordinatesAndAtomicSpecies

LatticeConstant 15.0 Ang
%block LatticeVectors
  1.0  0.0  0.0
  0.0  1.0  0.0
  0.0  0.0  1.0
%endblock LatticeVectors
```

Exercise 1.1



```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/01-Eshift_Split
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

```
mkdir ex1 && cp H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
siesta < water.fdf > water.out
```

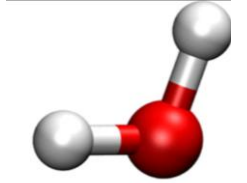
```
vi water.out
```

```
atom: -----
prinput: Basis input
PAO.BasisType split

%block ChemicalSpeciesLabel
  1   8  O                                # Species index, atomic number, species label
  2   1  H                                # Species index, atomic number, species label
%endblock ChemicalSpeciesLabel

%block PAO.Basis                                # Define Basis set
# WARNING: This information might be incomplete!
O
0                                     2          # Species label, number of l-shells
n=2   0   2                                # n, l, Nzeta
  3.532   2.297
  1.000   1.000
n=2   1   2 P   1                        # n, l, Nzeta, Polarization, NzetaPol
  4.257   2.746
  1.000   1.000
H
n=1   0   2 P   1                        # Species label, number of l-shells
  5.201   3.508                                # n, l, Nzeta, Polarization, NzetaPol
  1.000   1.000
%endblock PAO.Basis
```

Exercise 1.1



```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/01-Eshift_SplitNorm
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

```
mkdir ex1 && cp H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf ex1/ && cd ex1/
```

```
siesta < water.fdf > water.out
```

```
vi water.out
```

```
grep "E + p_basis" water.out -> (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.064557 eV
```

Exercise 1.1

```
siesta < water.fdf > water.out
```

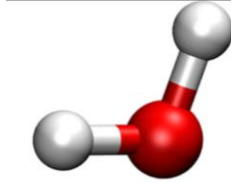
```
vi water.out
```

```
grep "E + p_basis" water.out ->
```

```
Cat h2o.BASIS_ENTHALPY ->
```

```
(Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.064557 eV
```

```
Basis enthalpy [eV] : -482.06455744737247
Basis Harris enthalpy [eV] : -482.06455757997747
Free energy [eV] : -482.13276932065673
Harris energy [eV] : -482.13276945326169
Orbital volume [Ang**3] : 546.43734768656418
Average basis pressure [eV/Ang**3] : 1.2483018148921527E-004
Average basis pressure [GPa] : 2.0000000000000000E-002
```



Exercise 1.2

Do the same but modifying water.fdf for different values of the EnergyShift:

- 0.01 Ry
- 0.001 Ry
- 0.0001 Ry

```
mkdir ex2 && cp H.psm1 0.psm1 water.fdf ex2/ && cd ex2/
```

```
mkdir 0.01Ry 0.001Ry 0.0001Ry
```

```
cp H.psm1 0.psm1 water.fdf 0.01Ry/
```

```
cd 0.01Ry/
```

```
siesta < water.fdf > water.out
```

Now do the same for the other two values

Exercise 1.2

Do the same but modifying water.fdf for different values of the EnergyShift:

- 0.01 Ry
- 0.001 Ry
- 0.0001 Ry

```
mkdir ex2 && cp H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf ex2/ && cd ex2/
```

```
mkdir 0.01Ry 0.001Ry 0.0001Ry
```

```
cp H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf 0.01Ry/
```

```
cd 0.01Ry/
```

```
siesta < water.fdf > water.out
```

Now do the same for the other two values & compare the basis enthalpy and total energy

Exercise 1.2

Do the same but modifying water.fdf for different values of the EnergyShift:

- 0.01 Ry
- 0.001 Ry
- 0.0001 Ry

```
mkdir ex2 && cp H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf ex2/ && cd ex2/
```

```
mkdir 0.01Ry 0.001Ry 0.0001Ry
```

```
cp H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf 0.01Ry/
```

```
cd 0.01Ry/
```

```
siesta < water.fdf > water.out
```

Now do the same for the other two values & compare the basis enthalpy and total energy

Exercise 1.2

```
ls * -> 0.01Ry/ 0.001Ry/ 0.0001Ry/
```

```
grep "E + p_basis" */water.out
```

->

0.01Ry	-482.064557 eV
0.001Ry	-482.435979 eV
0.0001Ry	-482.344446 eV

Exercise 1.2

```
ls * -> 0.01Ry/ 0.001Ry/ 0.0001Ry/
```

```
grep "E + p_basis" */water.out      ->      0.01Ry      -482.064557 eV
                                         0.001Ry      -482.435979 eV
                                         0.0001Ry     -482.344446 eV
```

```
grep "Total = " */water.out          ->      0.01Ry      -482.132769 eV
                                         0.001Ry      -482.588034 eV
                                         0.0001Ry     -482.624963 eV
```

Role of BasisPressure: Control the length of the orbitals

- The energy of the system is lower, but the orbitals are too long.

Exercise 1.3

Set the value of EnergyShift to: 0.001 Ry

```
mkdir ex3 && cp H.psm1 0.psm1 water.fdf ex3/ && cd ex3/
```

```
mkdir 0.45 0.55 0.65
```

```
cp H.psm1 0.psm1 water.fdf 0.45/
```

```
cd 0.45/
```

```
siesta < water.fdf > water.out
```

Now do the same for the other two values & compare the basis enthalpy and total energy

Exercise 1.3

```
ls * -> 0.45/ 0.55/ 0.65/
```

```
grep "E + p_basis" */water.out
```

->

0.45	-482.696472 eV
0.55Ry	-482.741379 eV
0.65Ry	-482.621525 eV

Exercise 1.3

```
ls * -> 0.45/ 0.55/ 0.65/
```

```
grep "E + p_basis" */water.out      ->      0.45      -482.696472 eV
                                         0.55Ry     -482.741379 eV
                                         0.65Ry     -482.621525 eV
```

```
grep "Total = " */water.out          ->      0.45      -482.696472 eV
                                         0.55Ry     -482.741379 eV
                                         0.65Ry     -482.621525 eV
```

Role of PAO.SplitNorm: Control the value of the matching radii

Exercise 1.3

```
ls * -> 0.45/ 0.55/ 0.65/
```

```
grep "E + p_basis" */water.out      ->      0.45      -482.696472 eV
                                       0.55      -482.741379 eV
                                       0.65      -482.621525 eV
```

```
grep "Total = " */water.out          ->      0.45      -482.696472 eV
                                       0.55      -482.741379 eV
                                       0.65      -482.621525 eV
```

```
grep "Orbital " */*.BASIS_ENTHALPY   ->      0.45      1133.4670869288188 Ang^3
                                       0.55      1125.4349550834477 Ang^3
                                       0.65      1120.3374442047921 Ang^3
```

Role of PAO.SplitNorm: Control the value of the matching radii

- It does not have a big impact on the total orbital volume (if compared to the PAO.EnergyShift)

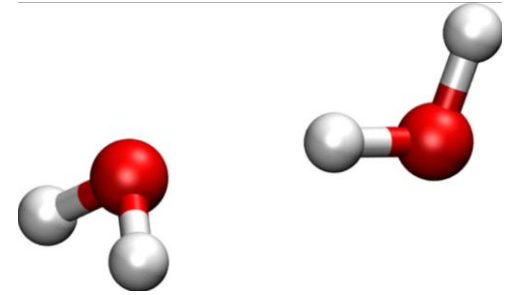
Before moving to Exercise 2

Advanced way to the BasisPressure (new feature in v5.4):

```
%block BasisPressure.Specs  
  H    0.02    GPa    # Hydrogen  
  Z 8 0.0003 GPa    # Oxygen  
%endblock BasisPressure.Specs/
```

Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$

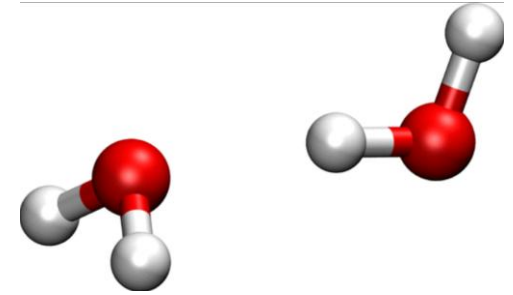


Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{\text{binding}} = E_{\text{dimer}} - 2 \cdot E_{\text{monomer}}$$

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/  
cd basis-optimization/02-WaterDimer
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 0.psm1 dimer.fdf monomer.fdf
```



Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{\text{binding}} = E_{\text{dimer}} - E_{\text{monomer}}$$

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/02-WaterDimer
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 dimer.fdf monomer.fdf
```

```
vi dimer.fdf
```

```
##
SystemName           Water dimer
SystemLabel          2h2o
NumberOfAtoms        6
NumberOfSpecies       2

XC.Functional         GGA
XC.Authors            PBE

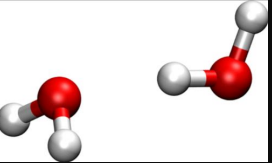
SCF.Mixer.Weight      0.5
SCF.Mixer.History     10
MeshCutoff            300 Ry

%block ChemicalSpeciesLabel
 1  8  O
 2  1  H
%endblock ChemicalSpeciesLabel

AtomicCoordinatesFormat Ang
%block AtomicCoordinatesAndAtomicSpecies
 0.000000  0.000000  0.000000  2
 0.000000  0.000000  1.522047  2
 2.341468  0.000000  0.760784  2
 3.795635  0.459564  0.760954  2
 0.436628  0.395162  0.761024  1
 3.251445  -0.331791  0.760767  1
%endblock AtomicCoordinatesAndAtomicSpecies

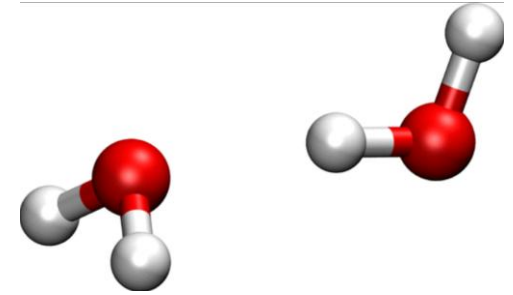
LatticeConstant 25.0 Ang
%block LatticeVectors
 1.0 0.0 0.0
 0.0 1.0 0.0
 0.0 0.0 1.0
%endblock LatticeVectors

PAO.EnergyShift      0.01 Ry
PAO.SplitNorm        0.15
```



Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$



```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/02-WaterDimer
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 dimer.fdf monomer.fdf
```

```
vi dimer.fdf
```

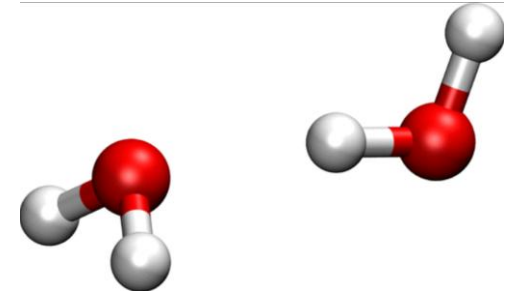
```
mkdir run1 && cp H.psm1 O.psm1 dimer.fdf monomer.fdf run1/ && cd run1/
```

Run the calculations for dimer and monomer

Energies?? (using grep)

Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$



```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/02-WaterDimer
```

```
ls -> H.psml O.psml dimer.fdf monomer.fdf
```

```
vi dimer.fdf
```

```
mkdir run1 && cp H.psml O.psml dimer.fdf monomer.fdf run1/ && cd run1/
```

Run the calculations for dimer and monomer

Energies?? (using grep)

Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$

```
mkdir run1 && cp H.psm1 0.psm1 dimer.fdf monomer.fdf run1/ && cd run1/
```

Run the calculations for dimer and monomer

Energies run1?? (using grep)

Now run the calculation using the values obtained previously for PAO.SplitNorm and PAO.EnergyShift!

```
mkdir run2 && cp H.psm1 0.psm1 dimer.fdf monomer.fdf run2/ && cd run2/
```

Run the calculations for dimer and monomer

Energies run2??

Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$

Compare the energies of run1 and run2. Are they different?

Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{\text{binding}} = E_{\text{dimer}} - 2 \cdot E_{\text{monomer}}$$

Compare the energies of run1 and run2. Are they different? **Yes they are!**

run1	dimer.out:siesta:	Total =	-964.717861	E _b = -445 meV
	monomer.out:siesta:	Total =	-482.136281	
run2	dimer.out:siesta:	Total =	-966.016972	E _b = -248 meV
	monomer.out:siesta:	Total =	-482.884135	

Is our default basis set bad??

Exercise 2: Binding energy of a water dimer (round 1)

$$E_{\text{binding}} = E_{\text{dimer}} - 2 \cdot E_{\text{monomer}}$$

Compare the energies of run1 and run2. Are they different? Yes they are!

run1	dimer.out:siesta:	Total =	-964.717861	$E_b = -445 \text{ meV}$
	monomer.out:siesta:	Total =	-482.136281	
run2	dimer.out:siesta:	Total =	-966.016972	$E_b = -248 \text{ meV}$
	monomer.out:siesta:	Total =	-482.884135	

Is our default basis set bad??

Not really... Basis Set Superposition Error
(BSSE)
...round 2

Manual optimization of the cut-off radii

Exercise 3: Optimizing the first ζ

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/03-OptimizeFirstZeta
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
    0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

New!



```
PA0.BasisSize      DZP
PA0.EnergyShift    0.01 Ry
PA0.SplitNorm      0.15

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

Old!

Exercise 3.1: Optimizing 1s of H

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/03-OptimizeFirstZeta
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

Do a series of calculations changing the value of `rc` for the 1s orbital of H (from 4.0 to 6.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr steps) – create a directory (e.g. H1s)

The first calculation should look like:

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
0 2
  n=2 0 2
    0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
    4.0 0.0
0 2
  n=2 0 2
    0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

Exercise 3.1: Optimizing 1s of H

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/03-OptimizeFirstZeta
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

Do a series of calculations changing the value of `rc` for the 1s orbital of H (from 4.0 to 6.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr steps) (By hand or with a script)

The first calculation should look like:

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
0 2
  n=2 0 2
    0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
    4.0 0.0
0 2
  n=2 0 2
    0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

Exercise 3.1: Optimizing 1s of H

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/03-OptimizeFirstZeta
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

Do a series of calculations changing the value of r_c for the 1s orbital of H (from 4.0 to 6.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr steps)

Which is the optimized value? (Looking at the basis enthalpy)

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
0 2
  n=2 0 2
    0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
    0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

Exercise 3.1: Optimizing 1s of H

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/03-OptimizeFirstZeta
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

Do a series of calculations changing the value of r_c for the 1s orbital of H (from 4.0 to 6.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr steps)

Which is the optimized value? (Looking at the basis enthalpy)

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
  0.0 0.0
0 2
  n=2 0 2
  0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
  0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

```
water-4.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.533803 eV
water-4.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.552463 eV
water-5.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.511975 eV
water-5.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.480837 eV
water-6.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.463814 eV
```

Exercise 3.2 and 3.3: Opt. the other orbitals

We change the value of the first- ζ for the 1s orbital of H and do the same procedure for the O's orbitals.

To keep things clean: Create a directory for each orbital!

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
  4.5 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
  0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
  0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

Exercise 3.2 and 3.3: Opt. the other orbitals

We change the value of the first- ζ for the 1s orbital of H and do the same procedure for the O's orbitals. (From 4.5 Bohr to 7.5 Bohr)

To keep things clean: Create a directory for each orbital!

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
  4.5 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
  0.0 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
  0.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

Exercise 3.2 and 3.3: Opt. the other orbitals

We change the value of the first- ζ for the 1s orbital of H and do the same procedure for the O's orbitals. (From 4.5 Bohr to 7.5 Bohr)

To keep things clean: Create a directory for each orbital!

Results...

0-2s

0-2p

Exercise 3.2 and 3.3: Opt. the other orbitals

We change the value of the first- ζ for the 1s orbital of H and do the same procedure for the O's orbitals. (From 4.5 Bohr to 7.5 Bohr)

To keep things clean: Create a directory for each orbital!

Results...

0-2s

```
water-4.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.554540 eV
water-5.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.567785 eV
water-5.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.570432 eV
water-6.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.568240 eV
water-6.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.563629 eV
water-7.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.558274 eV
water-7.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.552222 eV
```

0-2p

```
water-4.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.267679 eV
water-5.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.451362 eV
water-5.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.551777 eV
water-6.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.603669 eV
water-6.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.626368 eV
water-7.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.631294 eV
water-7.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.625763 eV
```

Exercise 3.2 and 3.3: Opt. the other orbitals

We change the value of the first- ζ for the 1s orbital of H and do the same procedure for the O's orbitals. (From 4.5 Bohr to 7.5 Bohr)

To keep things clean: Create a directory for each orbital!

Results...

0-2s

```
water-4.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.554540 eV
water-5.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.567785 eV
water-5.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.570432 eV
water-6.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.568240 eV
water-6.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.563629 eV
water-7.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.558274 eV
water-7.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.552222 eV
```

0-2p

```
water-4.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.267679 eV
water-5.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.451362 eV
water-5.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.551777 eV
water-6.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.603669 eV
water-6.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.626368 eV
water-7.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.631294 eV
water-7.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.625763 eV
```

Exercise 3: Optimizing the first ζ

Final PAO.Basis block:

```
%block PAO.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
      4.5 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
      5.5 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
      7.0 0.0
%endblock PAO.Basis
```

Which is the shortest orbital? Which is the largest?

Is it what you expected?

Exercise 3: Optimizing the first ζ

Final PA0.Basis block:

```
%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
      4.5 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
      5.5 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
      7.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis
```

DO THE OPTIMIZATION
IN A RECURSIVE WAY

Exercise 4: Optimizing the second ζ

From exercise 3 our PA0.Basis block looks like:

```
%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
      4.5 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
      5.5 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
      7.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis
```

Exercise 4: Optimizing the second ζ

From exercise 3 our PA0.Basis block looks like:

```
%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
      4.5 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
      5.5 0.0
      n=2 1 2 P 1
          7.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis
```

Matching radius for the second ζ

Exercise 4: Optimizing the second ζ

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/04-OptimizeSecondZeta
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

```
PA0.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
  4.5 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
  5.5 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
  7.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

Exercise 4: Optimizing the second ζ

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/04-OptimizeSecondZeta
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

```
PA0.EnergyShift 0.001 Ry

%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
  4.5 0.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
  5.5 0.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
  7.0 0.0
%endblock PA0.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

Do a series of calculations changing the value of matching radius for:

- Exercise 4.1: 1s orbital of H (from 1.5 Bohr to 3.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr increases)
- Exercise 4.2: 2s orbital of O (from 2.5 Bohr to 4.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr increases)
- Exercise 4.3: 2p orbital of O (from 2.5 Bohr to 4.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr increases)

Remember: Create a separate folder for each of the orbitals!

Which is the optimized value? (Looking at the basis enthalpy)

Exercise 4: Optimizing the second ζ

- Exercise 4.1: 1s orbital of H (from 1.5 Bohr to 3.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr steps)
- Exercise 4.2: 2s orbital of O (from 2.5 Bohr to 4.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr steps)
- Exercise 4.3: 2p orbital of O (from 2.5 Bohr to 4.0 Bohr by 0.5 Bohr steps)

To keep things clean: Create a directory for each orbital!

Results...

H-1s-2 ζ

```
water-1.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.666780 eV
water-2.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.829897 eV
water-2.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.777909 eV
water-3.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.666422 eV
```

O-2s-2 ζ

```
water-2.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.831605 eV
water-3.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.832936 eV
water-3.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.816571 eV
water-4.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.809207 eV
```

O-2p-2 ζ

```
water-2.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.815772 eV
water-3.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.833345 eV
water-3.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.825561 eV
water-4.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.818233 eV
```

Exercise 4: Optimizing the second ζ

Final PA0.Basis block:

```
%block PA0.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
      4.5 2.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
      5.5 3.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
      7.0 3.0
%endblock PA0.Basis
```

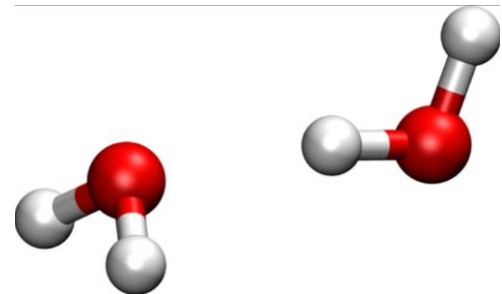
DO THE OPTIMIZATION
IN A RECURSIVE WAY

ALWAYS CHECK
CONVERGENCE

Exercise 5: Binding energy of the water dimer

Now let's put everything together...

$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$



Exercise 5: Binding energy of the water dimer

Now let's put everything together...

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/05-OptimizedWaterDimer
```

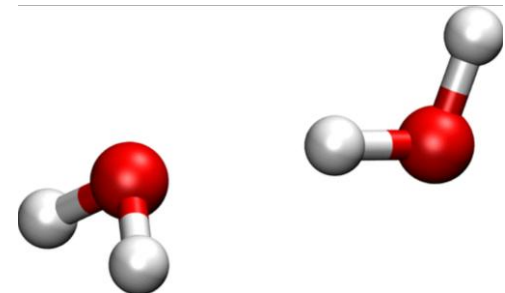
```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 dimer.fdf monomer.fdf
```

```
vi dimer.fdf
```

```
%block PAO.Basis
H 1
  n=1 0 2 P 1
    4.5 2.0
O 2
  n=2 0 2
    5.5 3.0
  n=2 1 2 P 1
    7.0 3.0
%endblock PAO.Basis
```



$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$

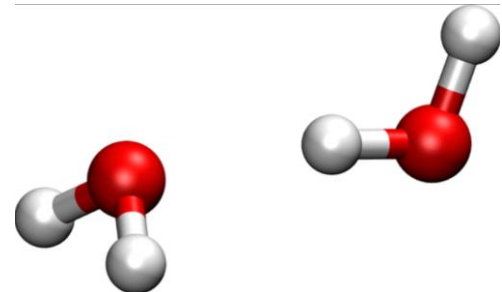


Exercise 5: Binding energy of the water dimer

From the past we have:

run1 default	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-964.717861 -482.136281	$E_b = -445 \text{ meV}$
run2 Rough opt	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-966.016972 -482.884135	$E_b = -248 \text{ meV}$

$$E_{\text{binding}} = E_{\text{dimer}} - 2 \cdot E_{\text{monomer}}$$

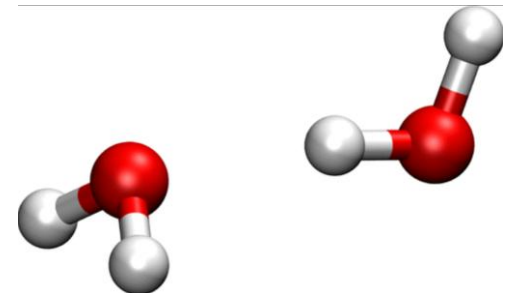


Exercise 5: Binding energy of the water dimer

And now:

run1 default	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-964.717861 -482.136281	$E_b = -445 \text{ meV}$
run2 Rough opt	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-966.016972 -482.884135	$E_b = -248 \text{ meV}$
run3 Optimized	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-966.119097 -482.936001	$E_b = -247 \text{ meV}$

$$E_{\text{binding}} = E_{\text{dimer}} - 2 \cdot E_{\text{monomer}}$$



Exercise 6: Optimizing the polarization orbitals

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/06-PolarizationOrbitals
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

```
PAO.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PAO.Basis
H 2
  n=1 0 2
    4.5 2.0
  n=2 1 1 Q 0.0
    4.5
O 3
  n=2 0 2
    5.5 3.0
  n=2 1 2
    7.0 3.0
  n=3 2 1 Q 0.0
    7.0
%endblock PAO.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

- We need to add an extra orbital
- The polarization orbitals have the same cut-off radii as the orbital they are polarizing
- Charge confinement method (change the value of Q)

$$V(r; Q) = Q/r^2$$

Charge confinement potential

Exercise 6: Optimizing the polarization orbitals

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/06-PolarizationOrbitals
```

```
ls -> H.psm1 O.psm1 water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

```
PAO.EnergyShift      0.001 Ry

%block PAO.Basis
H 2
  n=1 0 2
    4.5 2.0
  n=2 1 1 Q 0.0
    4.5
O 3
  n=2 0 2
    5.5 3.0
  n=2 1 2
    7.0 3.0
  n=3 2 1 Q 0.0
    7.0
%endblock PAO.Basis

BasisPressure 0.02 GPa
```

- We need to add an extra orbital
- The polarization orbitals have the same cut-off radii as the orbital they are polarizing
- Charge confinement method (change the value of Q)

$$V(r; Q) = Q/r^2$$

Charge confinement potential

Exercise 6: Optimizing the polarization orbitals

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/06-PolarizationOrbitals
```

```
ls ->    H.psm1  O.psm1  water.fdf
```

```
vi water.fdf
```

Do a series of calculations changing the value of matching radius for:

- Exercise 6.1: 2p orbital of H (from 3.5 to 6.0 by 0.5 steps)
- Exercise 6.2: 3d orbital of O (from 5.0 to 8.0 by 0.5 steps)

Remember: Create a separate folder for each of the orbitals!

Which is the optimized value? (Looking at the basis enthalpy)

Exercise 6: Optimizing the polarization orbitals

- Exercise 6.1: 2p orbital of H (from 3.5 to 6.0 by 0.5 steps)
- Exercise 6.2: 3d orbital of O (from 5.0 to 8.0 by 0.5 steps)

To keep things clean: Create a directory for each orbital!

Results...

H-polarized

```
water-3.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.523463 eV
water-4.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.533292 eV
water-4.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.535352 eV
water-5.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.531367 eV
water-5.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.522689 eV
water-6.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.510356 eV
```

O-polarized

```
water-5.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.868356 eV
water-5.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.880011 eV
water-6.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.884055 eV
water-6.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.883230 eV
water-7.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.879307 eV
water-7.5.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.873390 eV
water-8.0.out: (Free)E + p_basis*V_orbitals = -482.866172 eV
```

Extra: Final calculation of the binding energy

Final PA0.Basis block:

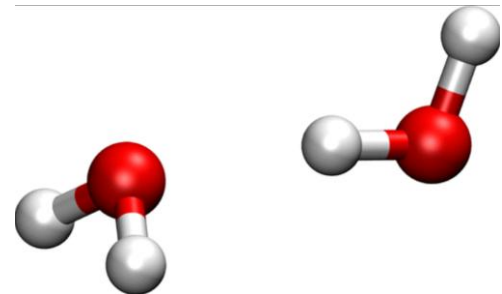
```
%block PA0.Basis
H 2
  n=1 0 2
    4.5 2.0
  n=2 1 1 Q 4.5
    4.5
O 3
  n=2 0 2
    5.5 3.0
  n=2 1 2
    7.0 3.0
  n=3 2 1 Q 6.0
    7.0
%endblock PA0.Basis
```

DO THE OPTIMIZATION
IN A RECURSIVE WAY

ALWAYS CHECK
CONVERGENCE

Extra: Final calculation of the binding energy

$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$



Exercise 6: Optimizing the polarization orbitals

```
/user/path/siesta-docs/work-files/tutorials/basic/
```

```
cd basis-optimization/06-PolarizationOrbitals
```

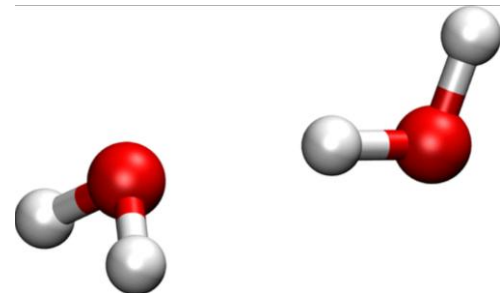
```
mkdir binding-energy
```

```
copy the monomer.fdf and dimer.fdf (and the pseudos) to binding-energy
```

Run the calculations for both systems.

Results...

$$E_{binding} = E_{dimer} - 2 \cdot E_{monomer}$$

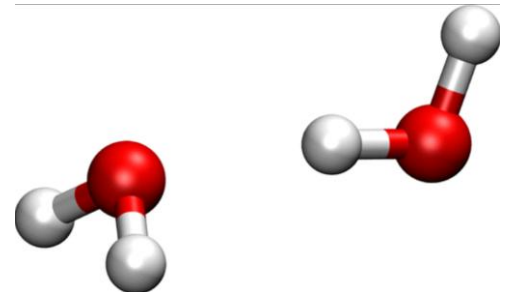


Extra: Final calculation of the binding energy

From the past:

run1 default	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-964.717861 -482.136281	$E_b = -445 \text{ meV}$
run2 Rough opt	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-966.016972 -482.884135	$E_b = -248 \text{ meV}$
run3 Optimized	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-966.119097 -482.936001	$E_b = -247 \text{ meV}$

$$E_{\text{binding}} = E_{\text{dimer}} - 2 \cdot E_{\text{monomer}}$$



Extra: Final calculation of the binding energy

And now:

run1 default	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-964.717861 -482.136281	$E_b = -445 \text{ meV}$
run2 Rough opt	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-966.016972 -482.884135	$E_b = -248 \text{ meV}$
run3 Optimized	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-966.119097 -482.936001	$E_b = -247 \text{ meV}$
run4 Fully Optimized	dimer.out:siesta: monomer.out:siesta:	Total = Total =	-966.215237 -482.985858	$E_b = -243 \text{ meV}$

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Questions?